
16. A. Tom. B. Mike. C. Helen.
17. A. To go to school. B. To call her back. C. To take a message.
18. A. 754-3950. B. 754-3905 C. 574-3950

IV 听对话和问题，选择正确答案。（共 7 小题，每小题 1 分，计 7 分）

19. What is Sky talking about?
A. Times of going out. B. Ways of being safe. C. Students of a college.
20. What does Sky do when coming back late at night?
A. Take a bus. B. Have the keys ready. C. Tell the teacher.
21. Where does Sky like to stand near other people?
A. At the store. B. At the bank. C. At the station.

22. What should you do if you don't understand something?
A. Keep listening. B. Stop speaking. C. Begin thinking.
23. How can you get the key words?
A. Ask for help. B. Find out the louder words. C. Know about the spelling.
24. Why do you have to ask yourself questions?
A. To make a sentence.
B. To write down something new.
C. To have a better understanding.
25. When should you look up the new words in a dictionary?
A. Before listening. B. While listening. C. After listening.

笔试部分

V 单项选择（共 20 题，每小题 1 分，计 20 分）

选入可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. Do you know _____ girl in green? She is our monitor.
A. a B. an C. the D. 不填
27. It is a good habit of _____ to read a few lines before going to bed.
A. I B. me C. my D. mine
28. _____ age 7, Bruce won second prize in the piano competition.
A. In B. At C. On D. For
29. Jason likes the _____ of the cake. It is a heart.
A. color B. size C. smell D. shape
30. You don't have a drink. Can I get you _____?
A. something B. anything C. nothing D. everything
31. I'm sorry I'm late. I should get here 10 minutes _____.
A. early B. earlier C. the earlier D. the earliest
32. _____ great picture! Who painted it?
A. How B. What C. How a D. What a
33. We have no more vegetables in the fridge. I _____ and buy some.
A. go B. went C. will go D. was going

34. _____ I see your ID card, sir? We have to check your information.
A. May B. Must C. Should D. Need
35. Henry will give us a report as soon as he _____.
A. arrives B. arrived C. is arriving D. will arrive
36. You _____. Don't talk on the phone.
A. will drive B. are driving C. were driving D. have driven
37. Ken _____ his jacket in the gym. He has to get it back.
A. left B. leaves C. is leaving D. was leaving
38. Annie _____ to the party. She had a wonderful time with us.
A. invites B. is invited C. was invited D. has invited
39. The children decide _____ their school yard this Friday afternoon.
A. clean B. to clean C. cleaning D. cleaned
40. The beginning of the movie was boring, _____ the end was amazing!
A. but B. and C. so D. or
41. Please _____ the water when you brush your teeth.
A. take down B. turn up C. take away D. turn off
42. We can hardly believe that you learn to dance so _____.
A. quick B. quickly C. useful D. usefully
43. Don't return the video to Peter, I _____ it.
A. don't watch B. won't watch C. haven't watch D. wasn't watching
44. If you can't find the place, I will show you _____.
A. what it is B. what it was C. where it is D. where it was
45. The twins didn't go to the theatre, they _____ the light music all night.
A. have enjoyed B. will enjoy C. are enjoying D. were enjoying

VI完形填空。(共10小题,每小题1分,计10分)

阅读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

The most positive(乐观的) person I have ever seen is my dad! He is so positive that I do not 46 hearing a single word from him which is related(相关的) to hopelessness!

Unlike most mums and dads, my dad never says things that make me feel 47. He is always there to give me encouragement and help. 48 I do wrong things, he always tells me what's right in a positive way. For example, if I am in 49, he often tells me to open the books he bought me. Then he asks me to read the 50 that can help me with the problems I'm facing. After that, we have a 51 together.

Even though I'm not always a good kid, my dad 52 shouts or gets angry with me. I know that he's 53 a day—a day when I grow up and understand things in my life.

I can see the reason that he is so positive is because he believes in 54. And he believes that whatever 55, it is under control. So we have nothing to worry about. Be positive!

46. A. mind B. keep C. like D. remember
47. A. good B. bad C. rich D. poor

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 48. A. When | B. Until | C. Before | D. Since |
| 49. A. fear | B. trouble | C. surprise | D. danger |
| 50. A. titles | B. orders | C. stories | D. questions |
| 51. A. discussion | B. practice | C. meeting | D. review |
| 52. A. usually | B. ever | C. sometimes | D. never |
| 53. A. looking for | B. worrying about | C. waiting for | D. thinking about |
| 54. A. itself | B. myself | C. himself | D. yourself |
| 55. A. moves | B. happens | C. appears | D. develops |

VII 阅读理解。(共 15 小题, 每小题 2 分, 计 30 分)

阅读 A、B、C 三篇材料, 然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

“Homestay is a form of study abroad program. It allows the visitor to rent a room from a local(当地的) family to better understand the local lifestyle. It also helps to improve the visitor’s language ability,” said a teacher during a school meeting last term.” Students who wish to learn more about foreign cultures or to get foreign experience should join this kind of holiday. I am sure you won’t be disappointed(失望的).”

After this special meeting, I always thought about this kind of holiday. Last month, I had a chance at last to go on such a holiday with some of my schoolmates and we went to London, a place where I had wanted to go since years ago.

As we were still young, we had a group leader who planned things for us and looked after us. After we got to London, we went to stay with different families. I was lucky that my host family(寄宿家庭) was a white couple who had a daughter about my age. They treated me as a daughter of their family during my stay there. They were interested in me and I learnt a lot of things from them, too.

The holiday was filled with activities every day. After breakfast, a local teacher would come to take us in his car. Then we would have classes or go on a sight-seeing trip to different places of interest like the Big Ben, the London Bridge, and the Buckingham Palace. We would go back to our own homes after the activities.

The holiday was a valuable experience for me. I enjoyed every minute of it. Yet, time really flew fast. Three weeks later, we had to leave “home” for Hong Kong.

56. In the “homestay” program, a visitor can _____.
 A. learn more about holidays B. understand his culture better
 C. improve the language ability D. take part in foreign meetings
57. The writer had wanted to visit London since _____.
 A. last month B. years ago C. the special meeting D. her stay abroad
58. The group leader should _____.
 A. make plans for the family B. take care of the students
 C. stay with different families D. rent rooms to the students
59. The writer’s host family _____.
 A. was very kind to her B. went sight-seeing with her
 C. had two white daughters D. was interested in her activities
60. From the passage, we know that the writer _____ in London.

- A. wished to stay a little longer
- B. spent three weeks in her home
- C. had classes in many interesting places
- D. helped the teacher take the students in a car

B

Table of hotels from the Tour Guide(指南) for the city of Mystic and Mystic nearby.

	#	\$	田	Y	O	Y	
Groton, CT							
Groton Hotel	33	\$79-193	112	Y	O	Y	Breakfast
Hampton Hotel	34	\$89-219	80		I	Y	Free b'fast, Free Internet
Quality Hotel	35	\$59-175	110	Y	I	Y	Bikes
Mystic, CT							
Comfort Hotel	30	\$49-169	120		I		Free b'fast, Exercise room
Hilton Hotel	31	\$85-250	182		O	Y	Free breakfast
Howard Hotel	32	\$49-169	77	Y	I		Non-smoking
Niantic, CT							
Holiday Hotel	36	\$59-169	136	Y	I	Y	Kids eat free
Sleep Hotel	37	\$59-170	73	Y	I		Indoor heated pool
Rodway Hotel	37	\$45-160	67		O	Y	Tennis
#	Page No.	\$	Prices	田	No. of Rooms	Y	Restaurant
池	Pool	刀	Meeting Rooms	Y	= Yes		b'fast = breakfast
Pool: I = Indoor Pool, O = Outdoor Pool NOTE: Seasonal prices may change.							

- 61. There are ____ hotels with indoor swimming pools.
A. two B. four C. six D. eight
- 62. To get the free Internet, you'd better choose _____.
A. Sleep Hotel B. Groton Hotel C. Quality Hotel D. Hampton Hotel
- 63. You can _____ if you live in Rodway Hotel for holidays.
A. swim indoors B. play tennis C. ride bikes D. do running
- 64. The cheapest hotel with a restaurant is _____.
A. Howard Hotel B. Rodway Hotel C. Holiday Hotel D. Comfort Hotel
- 65. We can find out that ____ from the table above.
A. the largest hotel has 136 rooms
B. five hotels have meeting rooms
C. people can't smoke in Sleep Hotel
D. kids needn't pay for meals in Holiday Hotel

C

It is true that people with better education are usually able to get better paying jobs. In other words, they have more chances to choose a good job while people with little or no education don't. It seems that the purpose of education is to make people

get jobs. But this isn't accepted by all people.

Some people may think that a person should spend the best years of his life to get education only for a way of living. This was probably one of the earliest reasons of education. In fact, if education is just a way of making a living, people don't need to spend so much time in school. People can get education for a living in a short time. Subjects like history and geography need not be taught to everyone. Even language and mathematics need not be taught in detail(详细地), either. Here it is clear that education is much more than teaching a man to get a way of living.

Education is well-rounded and it is mainly for improving a man. It is not only to teach him to speak, read and write, but also to develop his creative thinking and other abilities. After that, it is to make him a wise man and thankfully enjoy the achievements of human. Education is to make a man lead a better life. Educated people are expected to be able to listen to good music, read good books, watch plays and most of all take an interest in the world.

I would agree that making a good living is an important reason for education, but certainly not the most important or the main reason.

66. People with little education usually _____.
A. spend a long time in school B. have a good chance to get a job
C. spend the best years to choose jobs D. have fewer chances to get a good job
67. The earliest education was probably to _____.
A. make a man lead a better life B. teach a man to write and think
C. make people get a way of living D. teach people to read good books
68. The underlined word "well-rounded" in the passage means "_____" in Chinese.
A. 圆满的 B. 崭新的 C. 公平的 D. 全面的
69. It is expected that educated people will be able to _____.
A. accept education as a way of living
B. take an interest in the whole world
C. develop their abilities to make plays
D. learn subjects like language and math
70. The passage mainly tells us that _____.
A. education should make a man improve
B. people can get education in a short time
C. people should be able to get better paying jobs
D. all subjects are so important for a way of living

卷 II (非选择题,共 35 分)

听力部分 (第二节)

VIII 听短文填空。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

Information Sheet

71. It is time to _____ to the school.
72. Bob speaks of short hair and _____ smiles.
73. It seems that the _____ will never stop.
74. The sunshine dropped on his _____ through the windows.
75. He can not _____ the library where he used to go.

笔试部分

IX 任务型阅读。(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)

阅读短文,并按要求完成 76~80 题。

Cyril Dick's house is neither a modern house nor a house of the future. It is 40 years old. There are more houses like that in the south of France. They are called "bubble houses", and you can see why!

Cyril Dick is a designer and he loves round things. He collects old records and clocks. He also collects round furniture. And now he has a completely round house.

Everything in the "bubble house" is round. The centre of the house is one very big bubble. This is both the living room and dining room. There are round armchairs, a round table, and a big round rug(地毯) in front of a round fireplace. Around the living room are three small bubbles. One bubble is a kitchen with round shelves, another bubble is the garden room, and the third bubble is a music room. Upstairs there are two more bubbles—a bedroom and a bathroom.

The doors and windows are also round, of course. The window are like eyes. There aren't any curtains(窗帘) in the house, because Cyril likes to see the garden all the time.

Bubble houses are the idea of a Hungarian architect(建筑师), Antti Lovag. "A lot of modern houses are bad for us, especially tall buildings of flats," says Lovag. "Because round homes are more natural, people feel happy in them." Cyril agrees with this. "Some people think my house is funny," he says, "but for me, this is the perfect home."

76 题判断正误 ("T" 表示正确, "F" 表示错误); 77 题完成句子; 78 题简略回答问题; 79 题找出并写下第三段的主题句; 80 题将文中画线句子译成汉语。

76. You can find more "bubble houses" in the south of France. 【 】

77. Cyril Dick is a designer and he loves _____.

78. What is the third bubble around the living room?

_____.

79. _____.

80. _____.

X 词语运用 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

根据句意, 用所给单词或短语的适当形式填空。(每词或短语只限使用一次)。

sun	foot	meet	one	fly a kite
-----	------	------	-----	------------

81. These shoes are too big for my _____.
82. It is a _____ day. Let's go outside and play.
83. In spring, I often _____ in the Red Star Park.
84. Michael _____ his old friend Lily this morning.
85. Susan will sing some pop songs at her _____ concert.

XI 基础写作 (包括 A、B 两部分, A 部分 5 分, B 部分 10 分, 共计 15 分)

A) 连词成句 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

根据所给单词完成句子。要求符合语法, 语句通顺, 大小写正确, 单词不得重复使用, 标点已给出。

86. do, a, have, you, ruler
_____?
87. nice, the taste, noodles
_____.
88. far, the, how, museum, is
_____?
89. pens, those, her, pass, black
_____.
90. match, a, now, be, TV, football, there, on
_____.

B) 书面表达 (计 10 分)

91. 假如在英语课上, 老师请你们就“Lucky Money(压岁钱)”这个话题分组进行讨论, 但你认为同学们对“Hobbies(爱好)”更感兴趣, 建议老师更换话题。请你根据下面的提示和要求, 写一份发言稿, 谈一谈你的理由。

提示: (1) Why do you like talking about hobbies?

(2) What's your reason for not talking about lucky money?

要求: (1) 发言稿须包括所有提示内容, 可适当发挥。

(2) 发言稿中不得涉及真实的人名、校名和地名。开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

(3) 词数: 60~80。

参考词汇: one's own hobby, a proper topic(合适的话题), personal, unhappy

I think talking about hobbies is better than talking about lucky money. It is

参考答案

1—5 ABACC 6—10 ACBCC 11—15 ACBBA 16—20 ABABB
21—25 CABCC 26—30 CDBDA 31—35 BDCAA 36—40 BACBA
41—45 DBCCD 46—50 DBABC 51—55 ADCCB 56—60 CBBA
61—65 CDBAD 66—70 DCDBA

71. say goodbye 72. lovely 73. lessons 74. desk 75. forget

76 T 77. round things 78. It is / It's a music room. / A music room.

79. Everything in the "bubble house" is round.

80. 因为圆形的家/房子更自然，（所以）人们（居住/生活）在里面感到快乐/幸福。

81. feet 82. sunny 83. fly a kite/fly kites 84. met 85. first

86. Do you have a ruler?

87. The noodles taste nice.

88. How far is the museum?

89. Pass her those black pens.

90. There is a football match on TV now. / Now there is a football match on TV.

One possible version

I think talking about hobbies is better than talking about lucky money. It is easy and interesting. Everyone has his own hobby, like playing ball games, listening to music, drawing and so on. It can bring us pleasure and make us relaxed. We have a lot to say when we talk about it.

Lucky money, however, isn't a proper topic for us, because it's too personal. What's more, not all of us can get lucky money. Some may feel unhappy if we talk about it.

So talking about hobbies is really a good choice.